

OSMOTIC RESPONSE OF CELLS

LABORATORY

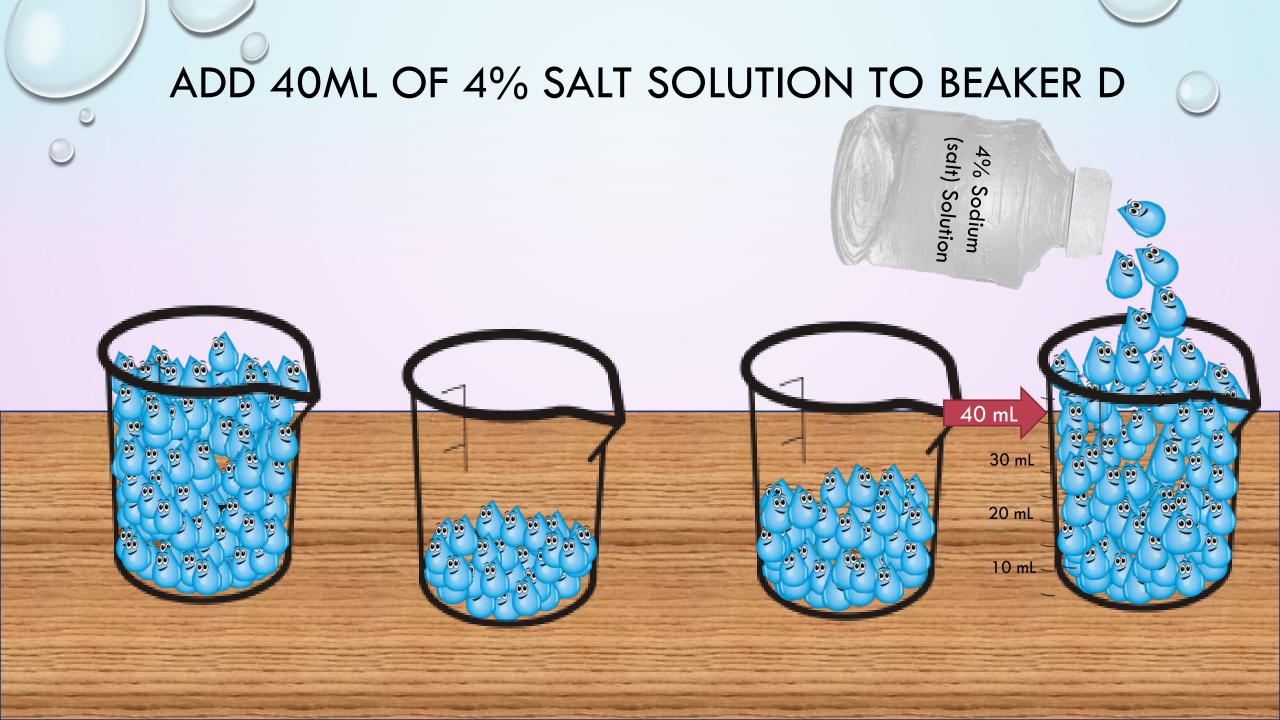
LABEL 4 BEAKERS AS FOLLOWS



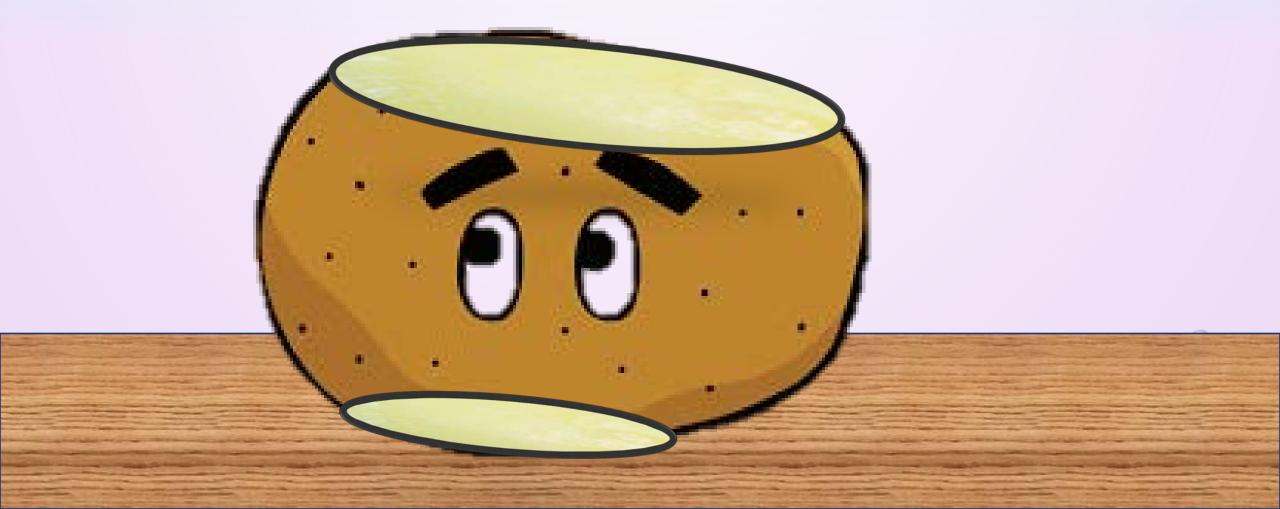








CUT THE SKIN OFF TOP AND BOTTOM OF POTATO



USE A CORK BORER TO TAKE 4 CORE SAMPLES OF THE POTATO.



PLACE AN EMPTY WEIGH BOAT ON THE SCALE AND HIT "TARE" TO 'ZERO OUT' THE SCALE.

0.009

ON PRIME S F TARE

CKERN

TOL

Max 22008 e= 0.018 d= 0.018

WEIGH EACH POTATO CORE SEPARATELY AND **RECORD THE WEIGHT.**

0.5219

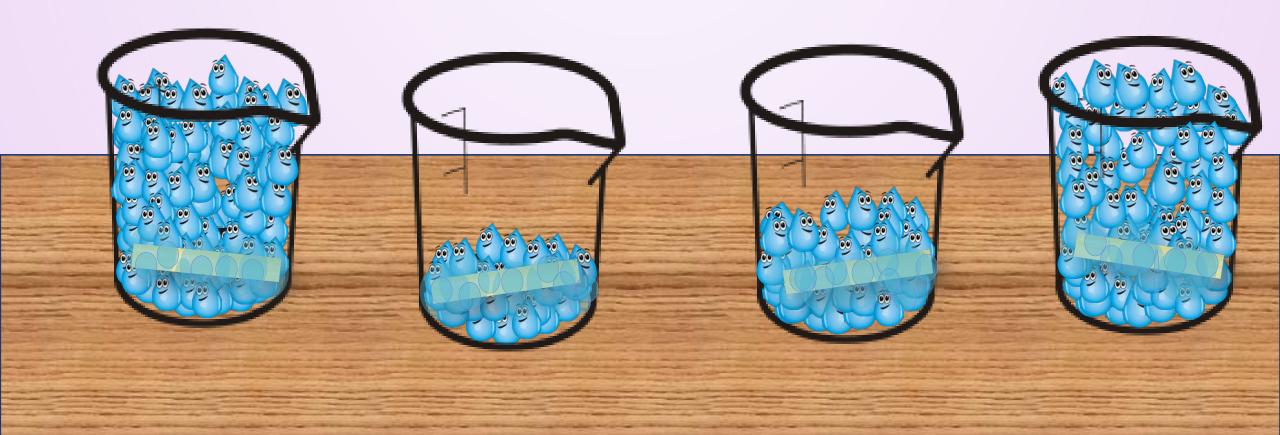
ON PERMIT S E TARE

KERI

TOL

Max 22008 Min 0.58 e= 0.018 d= 0.018

IMMERSE THE POTATO CORES IN THE SALT SOLUTIONS FOR 30 MINUTES.



AFTER 30 MINUTES, REMOVE THE CORES AND DRY USING A PAPER TOWEL.





PLACE AN EMPTY WEIGH BOAT ON THE SCALE AND HIT **"TARE"** TO 'ZERO OUT' THE SCALE.

0.00

ON PRIME S E TARE

CKERN

Max 22008 Min 0.58 MIN 0.18 e= 0.018 d= 0.018

TOL

RECORD THE FINAL WEIGHT OF EACH POTATO CORE SEPARATELY.

0.6359

ON PERMIT S E TARE

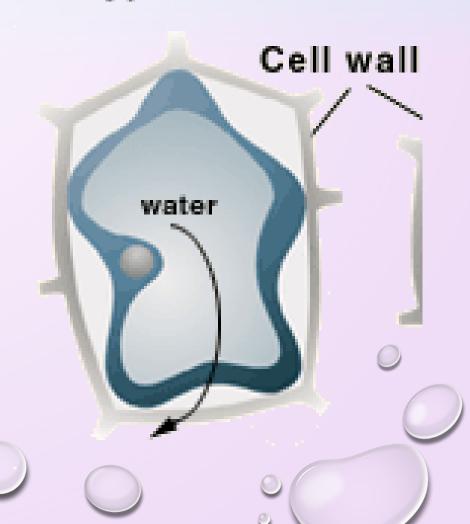
CKERN. 66

TOL

Max 22008 Min 0.18 e= 0.018 d= 0.018

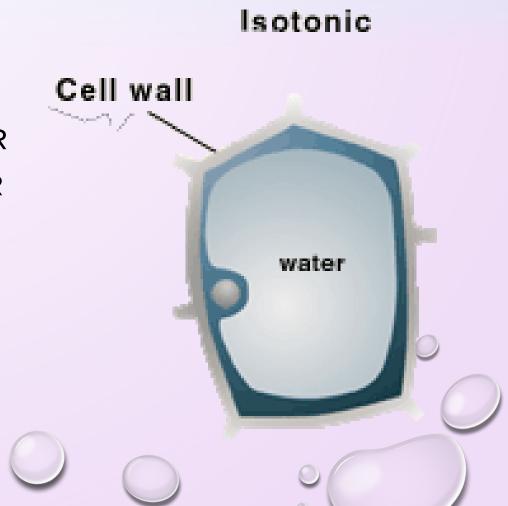
RESULTS – 2% AND 4% SALT SOLUTION CAUSED WATER LOSS Hypertonic

- YOU SHOULD FIND THAT THE POTATO CORES PLACED IN THE 4% SOLUTION (THIS IS A HYPERTONIC SOLUTION) HAVE LOST WEIGHT! THEY WILL ALSO APPEAR SHRUNKEN UNDER THE MICROSCOPE. THE MEMBRANE OF THE PLANT CELL HAS PULLED AWAY FROM THE CELL WALL, DUE TO WATER LOSS BY OSMOSIS.
- YOU SHOULD NOTICE A SIMILAR EFFECT IN THE 2% SOLUTION, BUT PROBABLY NOT AS MUCH OF A WATER LOSS AS WAS OBSERVED IN THE HIGHER SALT SOLUTION.



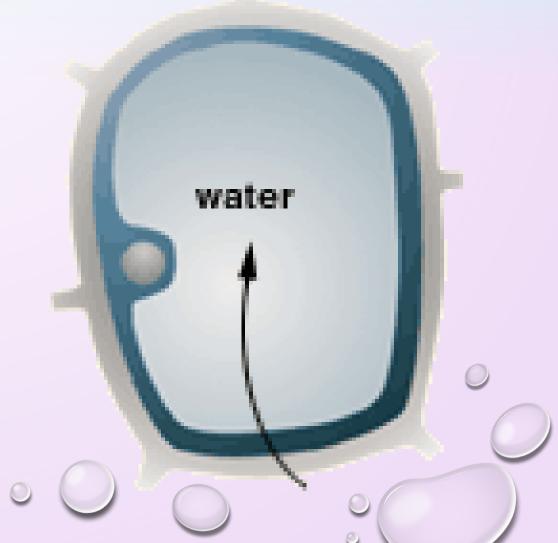


 YOU SHOULD FIND THAT THE POTATO CORES PLACED IN THE 1% SOLUTION (THIS IS AN ISOTONIC SOLUTION) HAVE NOT CHANGED THEIR WEIGHT. THEY SHOULD APPEAR 'NORMAL' UNDER THE MICROSCOPE.



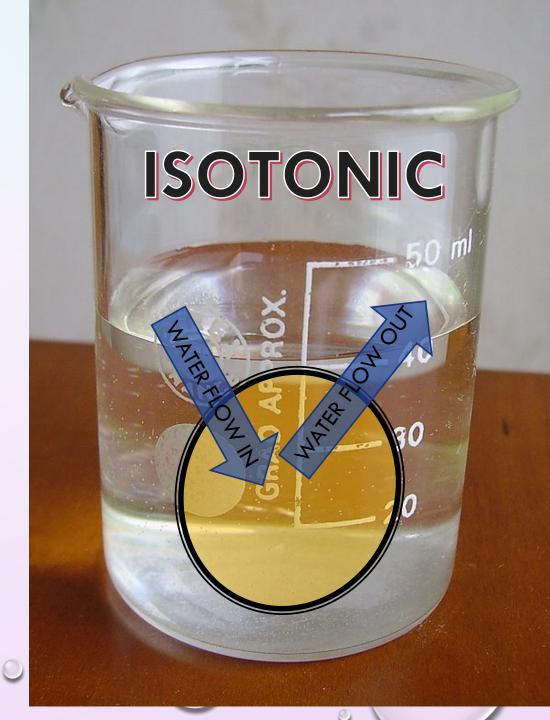
RESULTS – 0% SOLUTION HAD NO EFFECT.

• YOU SHOULD FIND THAT THE POTATO CORES PLACED IN THE 0% SOLUTION HAVE GAINED WEIGHT BY TAKING ON WATER THROUGH OSMOSIS.



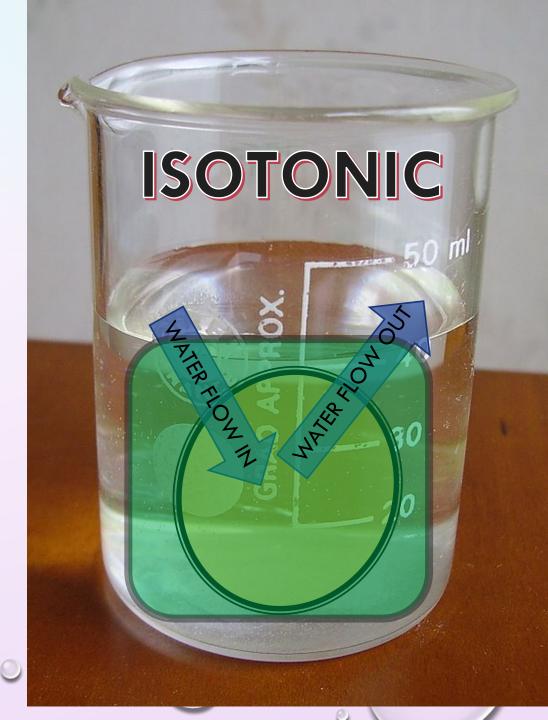
OSMOSIS IN AN ISOTONIC SOLUTION IN AN ANIMAL CELL

- IN AN ISOTONIC SOLUTION, THE SALT CONCENTRATION IS THE SAME OUT SIDE THE CELL AS IT IS INSIDE OF THE CELL.
- SINCE THE CONCENTRATIONS ARE THE SAME, THERE WILL BE NO NET FLOW OF WATER FLOWING INTO OR OUT OF THE CELL. THE CELL IS SAID TO BE "OSMOTICALLY BALANCED".
- THERE IS NO CHANGE TO THE SHAPE OF THE CELL AND THE CELL IS HAPPY.



OSMOSIS IN AN ISOTONIC SOLUTION IN AN PLANT CELL

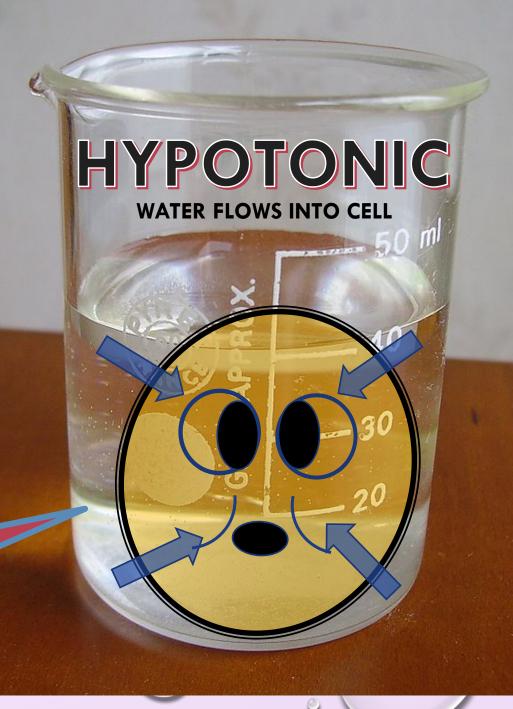
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- THERE IS NO CHANGE TO THE SHAPE OF THE CELL AND THE CELL IS HAPPY.



OSMOSIS IN AN HYPOTONIC SOLUTION IN AN ANIMAL CELL

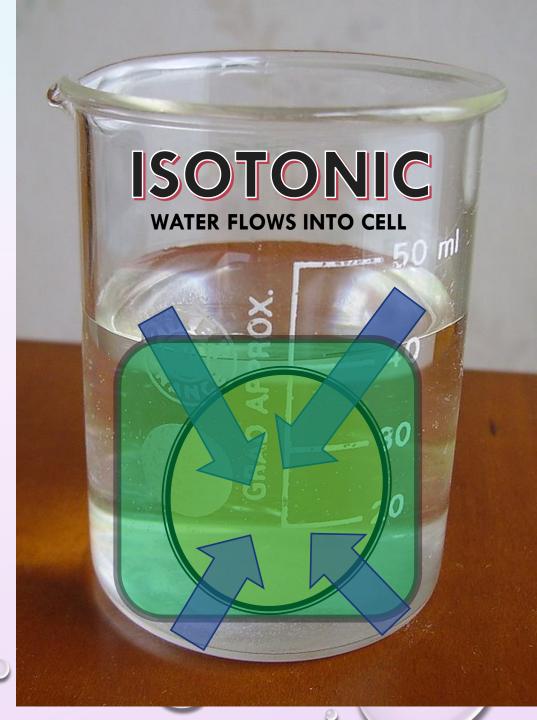
- IN A HYPOTONIC SOLUTION, THE SALT CONCENTRATION IS LOWER ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CELL THAN IT IS INSIDE OF THE CELL.
- WATER WILL THEN FLOW INTO THE CELL.
- THE CELL WILL SWELL AN BLOAT AND CAN EVEN BURST!





OSMOSIS IN AN HYPOTONIC SOLUTION IN AN PLANT CELL

- IN A HYPOTONIC SOLUTION, THE SALT CONCENTRATION IS LOWER ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CELL THAN IT IS INSIDE OF THE CELL.
- A GREAT EXAMPLE OF A HYPOTONIC SOLUTION WOULD BE WATER SINCE IT HAS 0% SALT.
- WATER WILL THEN FLOW INTO THE CELL.
- THIS CELL WILL BECOME INFLATED, BECAUSE THE WATER OUTSIDE THE CELL IS AT A HIGHER CONCENTRATION THAN THE WATER INSIDE THE CELL. AS WATER MOVES IN BY OSMOSIS THE CELL MEMBRANE PRESSES OUT AGAINST THE CELL WALL.



OSMOSIS IN AN HYPERTONIC SOLUTION IN AN ANIMAL CELL

- IN A HYPERTONIC SOLUTION, THE SALT CONCENTRATION IS HIGHER ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CELL THAN IT IS INSIDE OF THE CELL.
- WATER WILL THEN FLOW **OUT OF** THE CELL.
- THE CELL WILL SHRIVEL UP AND SHRINK. THE PROCESS IS ALSO KNOWN AS "CRENATION"

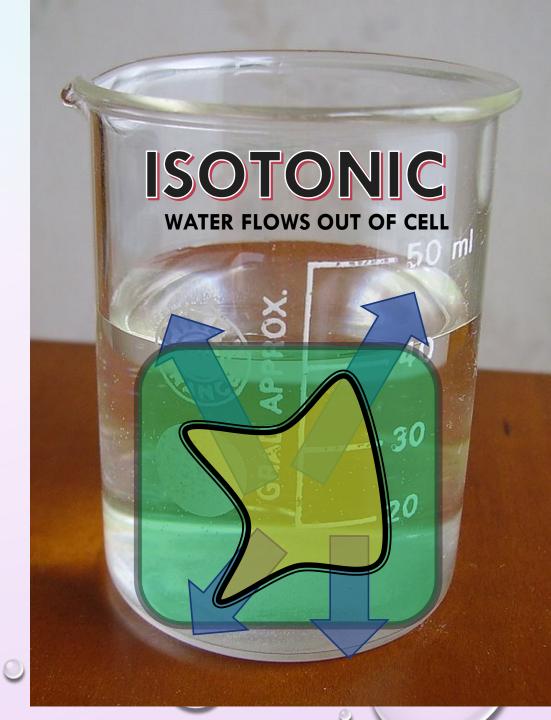


HYPERTONIC

WATER FLOWS OUT OF CELL

OSMOSIS IN AN HYPOTONIC SOLUTION IN AN PLANT CELL

- IN A HYPERTONIC SOLUTION, THE SALT CONCENTRATION IS **HIGHER** ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE CELL THAN IT IS INSIDE OF THE CELL.
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RESULTS

